Article Print d Versio	late:	10013900 29.11.2022 1.7	Bauwerk Reparat Revision date: 29 Issue date: 29.11	.11.2022	14170 EN Page 1 / 11
SEC	TION 1: Id	entification of th	ne substance/mixt	ture and of the compa	any/undertaking
1.1.		lentifier (manufacturer/sup le/designation	plier)	10013900 Bauwerk Reparatur-Ö (78757.90a) UFI: 1K7D-T08E-H00 ⁻	
1.2.		dentified uses of dentified uses:	the substance or m	ixture and uses advised	l against
1.3.		the supplier of the	e safety data sheet		
		aroup Schweiz asse 49 argethen	orter/downstream u	ser/distributor) +41 71 747 74 74 +41 71 747 74 75 info@bauwerk.com www.bauwerk-parkett.	.com
	Technical i - 17.15 (Fri	nt responsible for nformation service i 13.00 - 16.00)) npetent person)	information: (07.15 - 12.00, 13.00	0 Marcus Beutel, +41 71 marcus.beutel@bauw	
1.4.	Emergency	y telephone numl / telephone numbe .00, 13.00 - 17.15		+41 71 747 74 74 Tox Info Suisse: +41 4	44 251 51 51
SEC	TION 2: Ha	azards identifica	ation		
2.1.		tion of the substa			
		-	Regulation (EC) No		
	Flam. Liq. 3 STOT SE 3 Asp. Tox. 1	3 / H226 3 / H336 I / H304	azardous according t Flammable liquids STOT-single expo Aspiration hazard		2/2008 [CLP]. Flammable liquid and vapour. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
2.2.	Label elen				
			ulation (EC) No. 127	2/2008 [CLP]	
	Hazard pic		Dang	er	
	Hazard sta H226 H336 H304	Flamm May ca	able liquid and vapo ause drowsiness or d e fatal if swallowed a	izziness.	
	Precaution P210 P243 P301 + P3 P331 P403 + P23 P405	Take a 10 IF SW Do NC 35 Store i	action to prevent stati	c discharges. tely call a POISON CENT	mes and other ignition sources. No smoking. rER or doctor/physician.
	Hazard co	mponents for lab Hydrod	elling carbons, C9-C11, n-a	ılkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic alkanes, isoalkanes, cycl	
	Suppleme EUH066 EUH211 EUH208	Warnir	ted exposure may cang! Hazardous respira	use skin dryness or cracl able droplets may be form nexanoate). May produce	ned when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

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2.3. Other hazards

No information available.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Description modified polyurethane oil

Classification a	ccording to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]	
EC No. CAS No. Index No.	REACH No. Designation classification // Remark	weight-%
918-481-9	01-2119457273-39 Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics Asp. Tox. 1 H304 / EUH066	20 < 25
919-857-5 64742-48-9	01-2119463258-33 Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics Flam. Liq. 3 H226 / Asp. Tox. 1 H304 / STOT SE 3 H336 / EUH066	20 < 25
926-141-6	01-2119456620-43 Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics Asp. Tox. 1 H304 / EUH066	3 < 5
927-241-2	01-2119471843-32 Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics STOT SE 3 H336 / Asp. Tox. 1 H304 / Aquatic Chronic 3 H412 / Flam. Liq. 3 H226	2,5 < 3
245-018-1 22464-99-9	01-2119979088-21-0000 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt Repr. 2 H361	0,1 < 1
205-250-6 136-52-7	01-2119524678-29 cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) Eye Irrit. 2 H319 / Skin Sens. 1A H317 / Repr. 1B H360 / Aquatic Acute 1 H400 / Aquatic Chronic 3 H412	< 0,1

Additional information

Full text of classification: see section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. Remove affected person from the danger area and lay down.

Do not leave affected person unattended.

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In case of unconsciousness give nothing by mouth, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.

In case of irregular breathing or respiratory arrest provide artificial respiration.

Put victim at rest, cover with a blanket and keep warm.

Self-protection of the first aider.

Move victim to fresh air.

Following inhalation

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest. In case of irregular breathing or respiratory arrest provide artificial respiration. In case of unconsciousness give nothing by mouth, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.

Following skin contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. Do not use solvents or thinners. In case of skin irritation, consult a physician. Wash contaminated clothing prior to re-use.

After eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Seek medical advice immediately.

Protect uninjured eye.

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Following ingestion

If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Seek medical advice immediately. Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. If unconscious but breathing normally, place in recovery position and seek medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person or a person with cramps. Do not give fatty oils and milk.

Self-protection of the first aider

No mouth-to-mouth or mouth-to-nose resuscitation. Use Ambu bag or ventilator.

4.2. **Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed** In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

First Aid, decontamination, treatment of symptoms.

Symptoms

Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dermatitis (skin inflammation). May irritate eyes. May irritate skin.

Special treatment

Treat symptomatically. Subsequent observance for pneumonia and lung oedema. Gastric lavage (stomach washing) only under endotracheal intubation. Pulmonary oedema prophylaxis

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Co-ordinate fire-fighting measures to the fire surroundings.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

strong water jet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Dense black smoke occurs during fire. Inhaling hazardous decomposing products can cause serious health damage. In case of fire may be liberated: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, Explosive vapour/air mixture, Pyrolysis products, toxic, Gases/vapours, harmful.

Vapours are heavier than air.

Reignition possible over considerable distance.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus and chemical protective clothing. In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

Do not allow water used to extinguish fire to enter drains, ground or waterways. Dispose according to legislation. Cool closed containers that are near the source of the fire.

Remove persons to safety.

Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Heating causes rise in pressure with risk of bursting.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep away from sources of ignition. Ventilate affected area. Do not breathe vapours. Use personal protection equipment. Avoid contact with eyes and skin.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Keep unprotected people away and stay on the upwind side.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Prevent spread over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers). If the product contaminates lakes, rivers or sewages, inform competent authorities in accordance with local regulations.

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6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents). Collect in closed and suitable containers for disposal. Clean using cleansing agents. Do not use solvents. Provide adequate ventilation.

6.4. Reference to other sections

SECTION 7: Handling and storage SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advices on safe handling

Avoid formation of flammable and explosive vapour concentrations in the air and exceeding the exposure limit values. Only use the material in places where open light, fire and other flammable sources can be kept away. Electrical equipment must be protected meeting the accepted standard. Product may become electrostatically charged. Provide earthing of containers, equipment, pumps and ventilation facilities. Anti-static clothing including shoes are recommended. Floors must be electrically conductive. Keep away from heat sources, sparks and open flames. Use only spark proof tools. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not inhale dusts, particulates and spray mist when using this preparation. Avoid respiration of swarf. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Personal protection equipment: refer to section 8. Do not empty containers with pressure - no pressure vessel! Always keep in containers that correspond to the material of the original container. Follow the legal protection and safety regulations.

Have fire-extinguishers in readiness before opening containers.

Wash hands before breaks and after work.

Guarantee that the eye flushing systems and safety showers are closely located to the working place.

Protect from sunlight.

Keep work clothes separately.

Change contaminated, saturated clothing.

Materials soiled with product such as cleaning rags, tissues and protective clothing, may ignite spontaneously a few hours later.

To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be placed in a closed metal container soaked with water.

Do not put any product-impregnated cleaning rags into your trouser pockets.

Further information

Vapours are heavier than air. Vapours form explosive mixtures with air.

Further information

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Storage in accordance with the Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health (BetrSiVO). Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed. Do not empty containers with pressure - no pressure vessel! Smoking is forbidden. Access only for authorised persons. Store carefully closed containers upright to prevent any leaks.

Hints on joint storage

Keep away from strongly acidic and alkaline materials as well as oxidizers. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Do not store together with oxidizing and self-igniting products.

Keep away from: Reducing agent

Further information on storage conditions

Take care of instructions on label. Store in a well-ventilated and dry room at temperatures between 15 °C and 30 °C. Protect from heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Remove all sources of ignition. Smoking is forbidden. Access only for authorised persons. Store carefully closed containers upright to prevent any leaks.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Observe technical data sheet. Observe instructions for use.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values

not applicable

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DNEL:

cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)

EC No. 205-250-6 / CAS No. 136-52-7

DNEL long-term inhalative (local), Workers: 0,2351 mg/m³ DNEL long-term oral (repeated), Consumer: 0,0558 mg/kg

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics

EC No. 919-857-5 / CAS No. 64742-48-9

DNEL long-term oral (repeated), Consumer: 19 mg/kg DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Consumer: 300 mg/kg

2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt

EC No. 245-018-1 / CAS No. 22464-99-9

DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Workers: 15,75 mg/kg

DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Workers: 5 mg/m³

DNEL long-term oral (repeated), Consumer: 7,9 mg/kg

DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Consumer: 7,9 mg/kg

DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 2,5 mg/m³

Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics

EC No. 927-241-2

DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Workers: 300

DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Workers: 1500 mg/m³

DNEL long-term dermal (systemic), Consumer: 300

DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic), Consumer: 900 mg/m³

, Consumer: 300

PNEC:

2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt

EC No. 245-018-1 / CAS No. 22464-99-9 PNEC aquatic, freshwater: 0,36 mg/L PNEC aquatic, marine water: 0,036 mg/L PNEC sediment, freshwater: 6,37 mg/kg PNEC sediment, marine water: 0,637 mg/kg PNEC, soil: 1,06 mg/kg PNEC sewage treatment plant (STP): 71,7 mg/L

8.2. Exposure controls

Provide good ventilation. This can be achieved with local or room suction. If this should not be sufficient to keep aerosol and solvent vapour concentration below the exposure limit values, a suitable respiratory protection must be used.

Personal protection equipment

Respiratory protection

If concentration of solvents is beyond the occupational exposure limit values, approved and suitable respiratory protection must be used. Use only respiratory protection equipment with CE-symbol including four digit test number. respirator with A/P-filter (EN 14387)

Hand protection

For prolonged or repeated handling the following glove material must be used: Chemical proof safety gloves

Thickness of the glove material > 0,4 mm ; Breakthrough time: > 480 min.

Observe the instructions and details for use, storage, maintenance and replacement provided by the protective glove manufacturer. Penetration time of glove material depending on intensity and duration of exposure to skin. Recommended glove articles EN ISO 374

Barrier creams can help protecting exposed skin areas. In no case should they be used after contact.

Eye/face protection

Wear eye glasses with side protection according to EN 166.

Body protection

Wear antistatic clothing of natural fibers (cotton) or heat resistant synthetic fibers.

Protective measures

After contact clean skin thoroughly with water and soap or use appropriate cleanser.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Guarantee that the eye flushing systems and safety showers are closely located to the working place. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Separate storage of work clothes.

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Av Do	andle in accordance with goo void contact with eyes and sl o not breathe vapour/aeroso ash contaminated clothing p	l.
Do If t	nvironmental exposure con o not allow to enter into surfa the product contaminates lal se section 7. No additional m	ace water or drains. kes, rivers or sewages, inform competent authorities in accordance with local regulations.
SECTIO	ON 9: Physical and chem	nical properties
9.1. In	formation on basic physic	al and chemical properties
	nysical state: blour:	Liquid white
Oc	dour:	characteristic
00	dour threshold:	not determined
Me	elting point/freezing point:	not applicable
Ini	itial boiling point and boili	ng range: 130 °C Source: Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics
Fla	ammability:	Flammable liquid and vapour.
	ower and upper explosion ower explosion limit:	limit: 0,5 Vol-% Source: Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics
L	Jpper explosion limit:	7 Vol-% Source: Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics
Fla	ash point:	41 °C Method: ASTM D 7094a
Αι	uto-ignition temperature:	> 200 °C Source: Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics
De	ecomposition temperature	not determined
pН	l at 20 °C:	not applicable
Ci	nematic viscosity (40°C):	< 20,5 mm²/s
So	olubility(ies):	
	/ater solubility at 20 °C:	insoluble
Pa	artition coefficient: n-octan	nol/water: see section 12
Va	apour pressure at 20 °C:	5 mbar Source: Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics
	ensity and/or relative dens	
	ensity at 20 °C: elative vapour density:	0,95 g/cm³ not determined
	article characteristics:	not applicable
-	ther information	
	blid content:	46,95 weight-%
C	olvent content: Drganic solvents: Nater:	53,02 weight-% 0,03 weight-%

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SEC	TION 10: S	Stability and read	ctivity	
10.1.	Reactivity Danger of	/ spontaneous comb	ustion	
10.2.		ct is stable under s	torage at normal ambient temperatures. Handling and storage	
10.3.		y of hazardous rea me highly flammabl		
10.4.		s decomposition by tic charging	products may form with exposure to high te	emperatures.
10.5.	Keep awa Do not sto		strong bases and strong oxidizing agents dizing and self-igniting products. gent	to avoid exothermic reactions.
10.6.		s decomposition fire may be liberate		osive vapour/air mixture, Pyrolysis products, toxic.
SEC	TION 11:	Toxicological inf	ormation	
11.1.	Information		es as defined in Regulation (EC) No 127	72/2008
	oral, LD5 Method: dermal, I dermal, I Method: inhalative	50, Rat: > 5000 mg/ OECD 401 LD50, Rat: > 2000 r LD50, Rabbit: > 500 OECD 402 e (vapours), LC50, 1	ng/kg	5
		2-ethylhexanoate) 50, Rat: > 2000 mg/	kg	
	oral, LD5 Method: dermal, I	ons, C9-C11, n-alk 50, Rat: > 5000 mg/ OECD 401 _D50, Rat: > 2000 r OECD 402	-	
		anoic acid, zirconiu 50, Rat: 2043 mg/kg		
	oral, LD5 Method: By analo dermal, I	50, Rat: > 5000 mg/ OECD 401 gy. ₋D50, Rabbit: > 500 OECD 402		
	oral, LD5 Method: dermal, I Method:	50, Rat: 5000 mg/kg OECD 401 ₋D50, Rabbit: > 500 OECD 402		
			rious eye damage/eye irritation	
	Skin, Ra		anes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	

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non-irritant. eyes, Rabbit Method: OECD 405 non-irritant.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics Skin, Guinea pig: Method: OECD 406 not sensitising.

CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction)

cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) Germ cell mutagenicity Ames test negative.

STOT-single exposure; STOT-repeated exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Practical experience/human evidence

Inhaling of solvent components above the MWC-value can lead to health damage, e.g. irritation of the mucous membrane and respiratory organs, as well as damage to the liver, kidneys and the central nerve system. Indications for this are: headache, dizziness, fatigue, amyosthenia, drowsiness, in serious cases: unconsciousness. Solvents may cause some of the aforementioned effects through skin resorption. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and/or absorption through skin. Splashing may cause eye irritation and reversible damage.

Overall assessment on CMR properties

EC No.	Designation	Classification according to
CAS No.		Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
		[CLP]
205-250-6	cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Repr. 1B
136-52-7		•

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

No information available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP] There is no information available on the preparation itself . Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

12.1. Toxicity

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics Fish toxicity, LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout): > 1000 mg/L (96 h) Daphnia toxicity, EC50, Daphnia magna: > 1000 mg/L (48 h) Algae toxicity, ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: > 1000 mg/L (72 h) Method: OECD 201

Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics Fish toxicity, LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout) 11 - 29 mg/L (96 h) Daphnia toxicity, EC50, Daphnia magna 23 - 45 mg/L (48 h)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics Biodegradation: 80 % (28 d) Method: OECD 301F

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Toxicological data are not available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

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Toxicological data are not available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties No information available.

12.7. Other adverse effects

No information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Appropriate disposal / Product

Recommendation

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Do not dispose of with domestic refuse.

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Waste disposal according to directive 2008/98/EC, covering waste and dangerous waste.

The mentioned waste-classes are only an advice because according to EU-Law the wate-class must be defined by the origin of the waste . The correct waste code may differ and must be classified by the waste owner. The waste-disposer and the municipal waste offices will help.

List of proposed waste codes/waste designations in accordance with EWC

080111* Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances *Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC (waste framework directive).

Appropriate disposal / Package

Recommendation

Empty container completely. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled. Vessels not properly emptied are special waste. Do not perforate, cut up or weld uncleaned container. Residues may present a risk of explosion.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1.	UN number or ID number	
		UN 1263
14.2.	UN proper shipping name	
	Land transport (ADR/RID):	Paint
	Sea transport (IMDG):	PAINT
	Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR):	Paint
14.3.	Transport hazard class(es)	
		3
14.4.	Packing group	
		III
14.5.	Environmental hazards	
	Land transport (ADR/RID)	not applicable
	Marine pollutant	not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

Transport always in closed, upright and safe containers. Make sure that persons transporting the product know what to do in case of an accident or leakage.

Advices on safe handling: see parts 6 - 8

Further information

Land transport (ADR/RID)	
Tunnel restriction code	D/E
Sea transport (IMDG)	
EmS-No.	F-E, S-E

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

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No transport as bulk according IBC - Code.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU legislation

Directive 2010/75/EU on industrial emissions [Industrial Emissions Directive]

VOC-value (in g/L): 506,205

National regulations

Restrictions of occupation

Observe restrictions to employment for juveniles according to the 'juvenile work protection guideline' (94/33/EC). Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of classification in section 3:

Full text of classification in section 3:					
Asp. Tox. 1 / H304	Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.			
Flam. Liq. 3 / H226	Flammable liquids	Flammable liquid and vapour.			
STOT SE 3 / H336	STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.			
Aquatic Chronic 3 / H	412 Hazardous to the aquatic environment	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.			
Repr. 2 / H361	Reproductive toxicity	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.			
Eye Irrit. 2 / H319	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.			
Skin Sens. 1A / H317	Respiratory or skin sensitisation	May cause an allergic skin reaction.			
Repr. 1B / H360	Reproductive toxicity	May damage fertility.			
Aquatic Acute 1 / H40	00 Hazardous to the aquatic environment	Very toxic to aquatic organisms.			
Classification procedure					
Classification for mixt	tures and used evaluation method according to regulat	tion (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]			
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquids	On basis of test data.			
STOT SE 3	STOT-single exposure	Calculation method.			
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard	Calculation method.			
Abbreviations and a	icronyms				
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Ca	arriage of Dangerous Goods by Road			
OEL	Occupational Exposure Limit Value				
BLV	Biological Limit Value				
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service				
CLP	Classification, Labelling and Packaging				
CMR	Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic				
DIN	German Institute for Standardization / German industrial standard				
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level				
EAKV	European Waste Catalogue Directive				
EC	Effective Concentration				
EC	European Community				
EN	European Standard				
IATA-DGR	International Air Transport Association – Dangerous Goods Regulations				
IBC Code	International Code for the Construction and Equipme	ent of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk			
ICAO-TI					
	Goods by Air				
IMDG Code	International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods				
ISO	International Organization for Standardization				
LC	Lethal Concentration				
LD	Lethal Dose				
MARPOL	Maritime Pollution: The International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships				
OECD	Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development				
PBT	persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic				
PNEC	Predicted No Effect Concentration				
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals				
RID	Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail				
UN United Nations					

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Volatile Organic Compounds

very persistent and very bioaccumulative

Further information

VOC

vPvB

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

The information supplied on this safety data sheet complies with our current level of knowledge as well as with national and EU regulations. Without written approval, the product must not be used for purposes different from those mentioned in section 1. It is always the user's duty to take any necessary measures for meeting the requirements laid down by local rules and regulations. The details in this safety data sheet describe the safety requirements of our product and are not to be regarded as guaranteed attributes of the product.

Only for commercial users.